Chinis .

THE PATENTS ACT, 1970

اسم

COMPLETE

SPECIFICATION

SECTION 10

Palent

TITLE

A process of preparing a bio-pesticide neem extract

10/10/25 2016 14 4935485

APPLICANT

E.I.D. PARRY (INDIA) LTD of 234, Dare House Hadras-1 an Indian Company

Deport the off

The following specification particularly describes and ascertains the nature of this invention and the manner in which it is to be performed:

De Penning & De Penning
Patent & Trade Mark Agents
Bombay Calcutta & Madres

The invention relates to a process of preparing a biopesticide neem extract.

It is known that various parts of neem particularly kernel contain substances with excellent properties for an environment friendly pesticide. Azadirachtin is one of the substances which is most potent and abundant in neem seed kernel.

Methods are known for extracting substances having pesticidal effects from neem seed kernels. In some known methods the kernels are crushed and then either oil is removed first and then the substance containing azadirachtin and other active compounds are extracted. In the process of removing oil, the properties of some heat sensitive neem ingredients, useful as pesticides are affected.

The invention provides a process overcoming these disadvantages. The process according to the invention do not crush the neem seed kernels. Three major steps are used, namely solid-liquid extraction, liquid-liquid extraction and purification. Throughout the process the temperature is not allowed to increase more than 45°C.

The solid-liquid extraction is carried out in an extractor with a counter current flow of the extraction solvent. The extraction solvent used is a saturated aqueous solution of polar organic solvents partially miscible with water and selected from ketones, alcohols, easters and chlorinated hydrocarbons. After sufficient time, the extraction solvent is separated and allowed to settle into two layers. The bottom layer will be aqueous phase and the top layer will be the lighter phase containing polar organic solvent with the active substance.

The top layer is separated and centrifuged with the addition of polar organic solvent to obtain a clear solvent extract. This solvent extract is evaporated at a temperature lower than 45°C preferably in a wiped film evaporator under reduced pressure. The condensate from the wiped film evaporator is further dried at a temperature of less than 45°C, at reduced pressure and then washed with non-polar organic solvents such as hexane, petroleum ether or benzene and dried to obtain a neem extract containing at least 20% of azadirachtin.

Thus the invention provides a process of preparing a biopesticide neem extract containing at least 20% azadirachtin, said process comprising the steps of flowing a saturated aqueous solution as an extraction solvent counter currently through uncrushed neem seed kernels, the said saturated aqueous

solution containing non-polar organic solvents partly miscible water selected from ketones, alcohols, easters with chlorinated, hydrocarbons; allowing the solvent extract settle into two layers comprising a top lighter phase bottom heavier aqueous phase; separating the lighter phase recycling the aqueous phase to the first step; mixing the lighter phase with additional polar organic solvent centrifuged to obtain a clear solvent extract free of heavy phase; the clear solvent extract is evaporated at a pressure lower than the atmospheric pressure, maintaining the temperature of the extract to less than 45°C and the residue is further dried a pressure lower than atmospheric pressure and at temperature lower than 45°C to obtain a wet substance; the wet substance is dissolved and precipitated in a solvent selected from hexane, petroleum ether and benzene, and the precipitate is dried in vacuum to obtain pure neem extract containing at least 20% azadirachtin.

The process will be further described with reference to the accompanying drawing showing the process flow.

The neem seed is subjected to a counter current flow of a saturated aquecus solvent after initial extraction with intermitent agitator in the aqueous solvent containing a mixture of water and a polar organic solvent selected from ketones,

alcohols, easters and chlorinated hydrocarbons. The polar organic solvent used are only partialy miscible with water. Prefered solvents are ketones such as butanone, pentanone and hexanone, alcohols such as butanol and pentanol, and chlorinated chloromethane and trichloromethane. hydrocarbons such as Prefered pH of the extraction solvent is from 2 to 9. The solvent extract from the solid-liquid extraction step is allowed to settle, and the lighter phase is separated and liquid-liquid extraction is carried out using the same type polar organic used in the first step. The solvent extract is then evaporated at a temperature less than 45°C and at a pressure below the atmospheric pressure. It is preferable to use wiped film evaporator to avoid the rise of temperature of the extract above 45°C. After evaporation the residue is further dried at low pressure and at a temperature not exceeding $45\,^{\rm O}{\rm C}$. It is then purified by disolving and precipitating in an organic solvent hexane, petroleum ether and benzene. selected from The precipitate is dried in vacuum to obtain the bio-pesticide of neem extract containing at least 20% azadirachtin.

64

The process according to the invention provides biopesticide of neem extract with better pesticidal activity
compared to neem extracts produced by process known in prior art
due to the higher azadirachtin content and the purity of the
extract.

WE CLAIH :

A process of preparing a bio-pesticide neem extract containing at least 20% azadirachtin, said process comprising the steps of flowing a saturated aqueous solution extraction solvent counter currently through uncrushed neem seed kernels, the said saturated aqueous solution containing non-polar organic solvents partly miscible with water selected from ketones, alcohols, easters and chlorinated, hydrocarbons; allowing the solvent extract to settle into two layers comprising a top lighter phase and a bottom heavier aqueous phase; separating the lighter phase and recycling the aqueous phase to the first step; mixing the lighter phase with additional polar organic solvent and centrifuged to obtain a clear solvent extract free of heavy phase; the clear extract is evaporated at a pressure lower than the atmospheric pressure, maintaining the temperature of the extract to less than 45°C and the residue is further dried at a pressure lower than atmospheric pressure and at a temperature lower than 45°C to obtain a wet substance; the wet substance is dissolved precipitated in a solvent selected from hexane, petroleum ether and benzene, and the precipitate is dried in vacuum to obtain pure neem extract containing at least 20% azadirachtin.

2. A process of preparing a bio-pesticide neem extract, substantially as hereinabove described and illustrated with reference to the accompanying drawing.

Dated 8th day of November 1995

 \mathbf{K}^{-1}

(HVG HENON)
OF DePENNING & DeFENNING
AGENT FOR THE APPLICANTS

ABSTRACT

invention relates to a process of preparing pesticide neem extract containing at least 20% azadirachtin. The process comprises the steps of flowing а saturated solution as an aqueous extraction solvent counter currently uncrushed neem through seed kernels. The said saturated solution containing non-polar organic solvents partly miscible with water are selected from ketones, alcohols, chlorinated, hydrocarbons. Then allowing the solvent extract easters settle into two layers comprising of a top lighter phase bottom heavier aqueous phase. The lighter phase is separated and the aqueous phase is recycled to the first step. lighter phase is mixed with additional polar organic solvent Then, the it is then centrifuged to obtain a clear solvent extract free of heavy phase. The clear solvent extract is pressure lower than the atmospheric pressure, maintaining the evaporated at a temperature of the extract to less than 45°C and the obtained is further dried to obtain a wet substance; the residue substance is dissolved and precipitated and the precipitate dried in vacuum to obtain pure neem extract containing at least 20% azadirachtin.

POWER OF ATTOR

occupation, address

Insert

and nationality of each applicant

Central Act No. 39 of 1970, and in the matter of

E.I.D. PARRY (INDIA) LTD, of 234, Dare House, Madras-1,

Tamil Nadu, an Indian company:

above named applicant(s) do hereby retain, constitute and appoint Mr. R. G. Depenning of De Penning & De Penning having an office at 10. Government Place East, Calcutta-700 069, West Bengal and an office at Alaknanda Building, 16, Nepean Sea Road, Bombay-400 036. Maharashtra and an office at 31, South Bank Road, Madras-600 028, Tamil Nadu, and Ms. M A JOSE, R P BHATTCHARYYA, R R NAIR, MYG MENON, S N MUKHERJEE, DR B L BANNERJEE, M BOSE, A C FERNANDO &

jointly and severally as my/our Agents and Attorneys to the Government of India Letters Patent in obtain from respect of an invention for

______ A process of preparing a bio-pesticide neem extract

and X/We authorise them, or any of them, to sign ***/our name(s) to such papers and writings and do such acts, including substitution or revocation, as may be necessary or expedient and lastly **We request that all official communications now or hereafter relating to the same may be addressed to them at their office in @如如此的诗句和《 Madras and that they be recognised as xxxy/our authorised Agents in all proceedings incidental thereto and pawe hereby confirm all action already taken by them in this matter. **We also do hereby revoke previous authorisations, if any, made in respect of this said matters and proceedings.

Dated this 8th day of November 1995

(B R JAWAHARLAL)

ce President

E.I.D. PARRY (INDIA) LTD. NEEM DIVISION

DARE HOUSE.

P.B. No. 12, MADRAS-600 001

2000-9-93

